SUBJECT:  SCHOOL TAX ASSESSMENT AND COLLECTION/PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTIONS

A tax collection plan giving dates of warrant and other pertinent data will be prepared annually and submitted for review and consideration by the Assistant Superintendent for Business to the Board. Tax collection will occur by mail or by direct payment to the place designated by the Board.

Senior Citizens

Unless specifically exempted by law, real property used exclusively for residential purposes and owned by one or more persons, each of whom is 65 years of age or over, or real property owned by husband and wife or by siblings, one of whom is 65 years of age or over, will be exempt from taxation to the extent of percentum of the assessed valuation determined by the Board if the owners meet the criteria established annually by the Board.

The real property tax exemption of real property owned by husband and wife, when one of them is 65 years of age or over, once granted, will not be rescinded solely because of the death of the older spouse so long as the surviving spouse is at least 62 years of age.

The District may permit a property tax exemption to an otherwise eligible senior citizen even if a child who attends a public school resides at that address, provided that any such resolution will condition the exemption upon satisfactory proof that the child was not brought into the residence in whole or in substantial part for the purpose of attending a particular school within the District. The Board must adopt a resolution allowing such an exemption following a public hearing on this specific issue.

Disabled Citizens

Unless specifically exempted by law, real property used exclusively for residential purposes and owned by one or more persons with disabilities; or owned by a husband, wife or both, or siblings, at least one of whom has a disability; and whose income, as defined pursuant to law, is limited by reason of such disability will be exempt from taxation to the extent of percentum of the assessed valuation determined by the Board if the owners meet the criteria established annually by the Board. The Board must adopt a resolution allowing such an exemption following a public hearing on this specific issue.

No exemption will be granted unless the real property is the legal residence of and is occupied in whole or in part by the disabled person; except where the disabled person is absent from the residence while receiving health-related care as an in-patient of a residential health care facility as defined in Public Health Law.

The District may permit a property tax exemption to an otherwise eligible disabled citizen even if a child who attends a public school resides at that address, provided that any such resolution will condition this exemption upon satisfactory proof that the child was not brought into the residence in whole or in substantial part for the purpose of attending a particular school within the District. The Board must adopt a resolution allowing such an exemption following a public hearing on this specific issue.

(Continued)
SUBJECT: SCHOOL TAX ASSESSMENT AND COLLECTION/PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTIONS (Cont'd.)

For purposes of this policy, and in accordance with law, a person with a disability is one who has a physical or mental impairment, not due to current use of alcohol or illegal drug use, which substantially limits such person's ability to engage in one or more major life activities, such as caring for one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning and working; and who is certified to receive Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI) or Supplemental Security Income (SSI) benefits under the federal Social Security Act or is certified to receive Railroad Retirement Disability benefits under the federal Railroad Retirement Act, or has received a certificate from the State Commission for the Blind and Visually Handicapped stating that such person is legally blind.

Volunteer Firefighters and Ambulance Workers

In accordance with law, the District, after a public hearing, may adopt a resolution allowing the full benefits of the real property tax law exemptions for enrolled members of an incorporated volunteer fire company, fire department, or incorporated voluntary ambulance service.

Enrolled members will be exempt from real property and school taxation to the extent of ten percent not to exceed $3000 multiplied by the latest state equalization rate for the assessing unit in which the property is located.

These tax exemptions will not be granted to enrolled members unless:

a) They reside in the city, town, or village which is served by the incorporated volunteer fire company, fire department, or incorporated voluntary ambulance service; and

b) The property is their primary residence, used exclusively for residential purposes; however, if any portion of the property is used otherwise, that portion is subject to regular taxation.

Members must be certified by the jurisdiction as having been an enrolled member of the incorporated volunteer fire company, fire department, or incorporated voluntary ambulance service for at least five years. An enrolled member who is certified as having accrued more than 20 years of active service will be granted the exemption for the remainder of his or her life provided his or her residence is located within a county providing such exemption.

Any volunteer firefighter or volunteer ambulance worker already receiving benefits under the existing real property tax law will not have their benefits diminished.

(Continued)
SUBJECT: SCHOOL TAX ASSESSMENT AND COLLECTION/PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTIONS (Cont'd.)

Alternative Veterans' Exemption

The Board, having held a public hearing and passed a resolution, in accordance with the Real Property Tax Law, provides a property tax exemption available to any veteran of the U.S. Armed Forces who served on active duty during a period of war, or received an expeditionary medal. The District will grant such exemption in a manner consistent with the Real Property Tax Law and at levels set forth by the Board. Should the District wish to reduce or increase the ceilings on the exemptions, it must hold a separate hearing and pass a separate resolution.

Education Law § 2130
Public Health Law § 2801
Real Property Tax Law §§ 458-a, 459-c, 466-c, 466-f, 466-g, 466-I, 467, 1300-1342

Adoption Date: 3/29/2018